

LLOYD GEORGE TO LAUNCH A NEW BRITISH PARTY



It's Bound to Come.—London Daily Express.

SEES MENACE TO ENTENTE IN HUN ROWS

London Times Points to Danger Signals at Many Places.

WARNS ALLIES

If Kaiser in Arms Must Make It Aids to World.

(A. P. Special Cable.)

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(A. P. Special Cable.)

GERMAN REVOLUTION TO BE SHORT-LIVED

Militarists Are Not Getting Support of Other Factions

Allies Deny Recognition--Reds Plan Soviet Rule

(A. P. Special Cable.)

London, March 15.—One of the first acts of the new Government in Berlin was to request recognition from the Allied commissions in Germany, according to an official British message today. The request was ignored, the commissioners taking the attitude that they would not extend recognition even to the extent of answering the communication.

An official message, filed in Berlin at 6:30 o'clock last night, said there was no confirmation of the reports that the sailors at Kiel and Altona had gone over to the new Government.

Paris, March 15.—The latest advices to the French Foreign Office from Berlin, it was said to-day, indicated that the revolution in Prussia had thus far been confined to the military and the Pan-German party, and was without other political support. Leaders of the Conservative parties, and such industrial leaders as Dr. Walter Rathenau, President of the German General Electric Company, it was declared, had condemned the movement.

From all the information thus far received, it was added, the impression in official circles was that the military party might hold possession of Berlin and other important centres, and prolong the state of uncertainty for some time, possibly a month or two, but that with-out the support of other political elements than the Pan-German party the movement was doomed to failure.

France contemplates sending three more army corps to Wiesbaden, Neustadt and Bonn, thus doubling her forces in the Rhine area. The Pelti Parisien, Marshal Foch will call a meeting of the Supreme War Council, where he will return from Moscow, where he has been with Allied commanders. Reporters from Berlin said that the Foreign Office in this city, state that every man in occupied districts of Germany, and that the Inter-Allied Commission for the Rhine province has received a German Hitler Commission, after having conferred with Allied military leaders.

Information received here would seem to indicate the utmost calm is prevailing in Germany, although the severe censorship in Berlin may be responsible for lack of news from that city. Telegraphic communication with Berlin is interrupted. Another announcement that the German Government had signed, and that the troops were in control of that city. The reports adduced by the Paris papers to recent neutral and Allied warnings that an attempt to demand too much in Germany was to be resisted.

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ANOTHER RUMOR OF AGREEMENT

Berlin, March 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—An undelivered report from Berlin, Germany, says that a successful raid is not a victorious revolution. The Entente still has word to say.

REDS PLAN TROUBLE

Berlin, March 15.—Independent Socialists in Germany, meeting yesterday at Mannheim and decided to take advantage of the present situation in Germany to increase the power of the Government, according to advices from Basle, the news having reached that city by telephone.

CANADA'S ENVOY TO WASHINGTON

(A. P. Special Cable.)

London, March 15.—The Daily Mail understands that the long outstanding question of Canada's representation in Washington has been settled, by agreement of the Foreign Office to the appointment of a Canadian Minister plenipotentiary, who will be accredited to the United States, and in the absence of the Ambassador will be in charge of the Embassy.

SPRING BIRDS

Mr. W. S. Saunders, of London, is to speak to-night on "Spring Migration and the Protection of Birds." The lecture will be in the Conservatory of Music Hall, not the Library Hall, as previously announced, and all are invited.



SMALLEST PLANE F. WEIGHS 555 POUNDS—MAKES 8 SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT.

The "Butterfly," said by its maker to be the smallest airplane in the world, made a flight from the covered ground at College Point, L. I. The new plane weighs on 555 pounds, with all its accessories, and can carry a maximum weight of 395 pounds.

"National Democrats" the New British Party

(A. P. Special Cable.)

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PRINCE OF WALES AT ETON--WOMEN COPS AT WORK



BY COURTESY OF C.R.R.



(1) The Prince of Wales leaving Eton College, escorted through the ranks of Eton boys by the professors.
 (2) London women police now have motor cycles and side cars to facilitate rescue work. Helping a drunken man.
 (3) Electric bulbseye lamps are now replacing the oil lamps in London Police Force. Thousands were distributed recently and will be kept up until the whole force of 20,000 men are supplied. A policeman is shown changing a lamp.
 (4) Beautiful Irish Catholic Church destroyed by fire at Rathmines, Dublin. The dome alone was an exquisite work of art.
 (5) Belgian Glass Industry in England: Men working on the furnaces where fancy window glass is made.
 (6) Sir Aukland Godeffroy to the United States and resigned his Principalship of McGill University.
 (7) The spectacle of these girls disporting themselves in January on an English beach in bathing dress startled the residents. They were acting their part of a film play.
 (8) An advertisement in Berlin for buying gold coins. Gold paper marks are offered for 1 silver, and 350 paper marks for one 20-mark gold piece.

BY COURTESY OF C.R.R.



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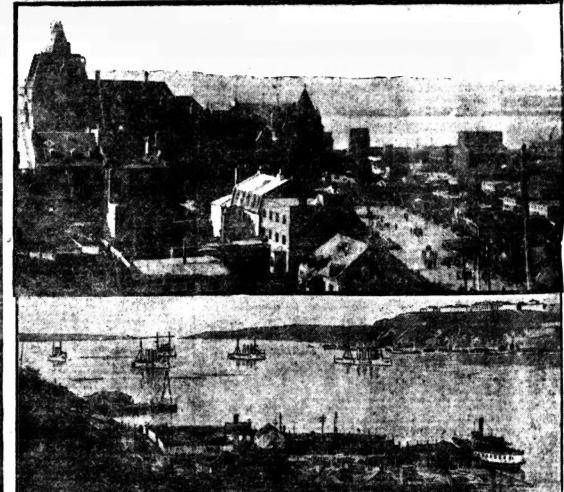


BY COURTESY OF C.R.R.



3 BY COURTESY OF C.R.R.

A MINIATURE PARIS



Upper Picture is Lower Quebec, the Chateau Frontenac, and Dufferin Terrace. Lower Picture is River St. Lawrence and Lewis Heights, from Quebec.

Quebec, the largest of the eastern provinces, is an all-year playground. The English traveler can sit in the sun on the rocky shores which have their sides to the splash of the St. Lawrence, excited with unbridled enthusiasm. But this is not a new world, with the crudeness of a new. It is an old!

It is a world of whitewashed cottages with their yellow roofs glistening in the sun, amidst the greenery of poplars and the gentle slope of hills which makes an excellent background for a picture postcard. From the decks of the steamers which ply up and down the river, one can see the long line of the habitation of the fishers who live in the white-washed cottages. Here is one of their choicer specimens.

"Deprise chez mon pere, Derrriere chez mon pere, Derrriere chez mon pere, Il y a un autre deprise."

Rising here and there in state eminence above the cottages, are the homes of the more prosperous, old timer who came from the old country and ruled the new colony. There are hotels for the visitors and clusters of cottages forming them

into camps for all who prefer this kind of life to the conventional hotel.

Quebec is a modest frame cottage which stands on a rocky point overlooking the great stone buildings. Another is the convent of the Franciscan nuns before which the people always kneel. Then there is Sous le Cap, the narrowest street in Canada. It is just wide enough for two people to walk side by side. It has funny bridges reaching from one upstairs window to the opposite one.

The picture of Frontenac is a reproduction of an old French chateau. It looks out on a big stone castle with towers and turrets. It is a place to see cavaliers riding, with clanking spurs and seventeenth century uniforms.

Quebec in winter is just as gay, just as irresponsible, just as fascinating. It is not more so. The houses are piled with warm furs. The bells jingle and chime and even sing in merriment. It is a place to see and to be seen, to be a part of.

Front

calm's given at human cost. The world is joyful, the brilliant sunshine turning the snow-covered world into a sun-dappled place.

MAKE the Public Interested in Your Advertising

By demonstrating to them daily through the columns of the TIMES that you carry the goods they require.

FOR RESULTS
USE THE TIMES

SMALL AD RATES.

These rates are cash with order, 10¢ a word. All want advertisements received by post from 10¢ to 100¢, with insertion accompanied by cash to cover insertion. No advertisement is counted as less than 15 words.

CONDENSED AD OR LINERS.

Condensed Transient Advertising 10¢ per word per insertion. One word, 10¢ per word; two words, 20¢ per word; three words, 30¢ per word; four words, 40¢ per word; five words, 50¢ per word; six words, 60¢ per word; seven words, 70¢ per word; eight words, 80¢ per word; nine words, 90¢ per word; ten words, 100¢ per word. Minimum charge, 15 words.

The Daily TIMES is the only Liberal paper published in this section and has a larger circulation than any other paper in the city. It is a good paper to get in touch with TIMES readers.

Hamilton is the Birmingham of Canada, 27,000 men are employed in 450 factories. Population, 110,000.

Birth, Marriage, death and marriage notices, 10¢ per word. Insertion, 10¢ a word. Insertion, 10¢ to 15¢ a line according to location.

Commercial advertising rates of daily and semi-monthly news on application.

Business Phone, Regent 368.

Editorial Phone, Regent 363 and Regent 364.

Job Room Phone, Regent 840.

Private Phone, Regent 127.

Get in touch with our thousands of readers in and out of the city.

HELP WANTED—MALE

Wanted—A First Class Cupola Tenter

Teenage boy to thirty ten per day, will give fifty dollars per week to right man.

FISHER-WILKIE FOUNDRY CO.,

Windsor, Ont.

WANTED

A BRIGHT YOUNG MAN for office, and a little experience in office work, to fit into Box 25, Times Office.

STRONG BOY FOR KITCHEN, All-ways Chef, Main Kitchen, Hamilton General Hospital.

WANTED—FOR SORTING TRUCK—APPLY Laundry Dept., General Hospital.

WANTED—GARAGE BOY, 16 to 18, for day and night work.

APPLY City Streets, St. West.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED AND DEDICATED man for light mixed farming near Stoney Creek. Good money for a man who is willing to remain for an opportunity to buy the farm. Box 25, Times Office.

WANTED—LABOURER FOR MOUNTAIN LUMBER. Apply on job, and on credit.

WANTED—MARRIED MAN TO WORK on fruit farm; state experience and wages. Apply Box 27, Times Office.

LEGAL

HENRY CAMPBELL, BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public. Office at New Street, Sun Life Building. Money to loan on real estate security.

W. M. McLEMMONT, BARRISTER, Head of Hamm Building. Money to loan.

J. JOHN J. HUNT, BARRISTER, COM. of M. Hunt, Hamm Building. Estate Loans, lowest rate of interest.

W. H. WADDELL, K. C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public. Office, New Sun Life Building. Money to loan at lowest rate of interest.

EDWARD B. BROWN, BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office, 10th Floor, Hamm Building, fourth floor, corner James and King Streets. Money to loan in small amounts at lowest rate of interest.

HARRY D. PETERSON, BARRISTER, Head of First-class real estate security.

MUSICO.

S. J. MINNIN, 123 KING ST. street, south, agents for Willis & Hale Piano. Piano tuning.

PIANO TUNING

MONTAGUE HAYDON, PIANO-TEACHER, 123 King Street, south. Broadwood & Sons, London, Eng. 123 King Street, Piano Tuning.

PATENTS

PATENT & TRADE MARKS

MATTHEWS & CO. LTD., 123 King Street, Hamilton, Canada. Inventor's Patent Office.

JEWELRY

J. D. McDOWELL, SPECIALTY, East End Nose and Throat, Corner of King and James Streets. Open 1 to 6 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Tues.

DR. FREDERIC H. PARK, SURGEON OF THE HOSPITAL, 123 King Street, south. Office hours, 9 to 12 to 4 p.m. Monday by appointment.

UMBRELLAS

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER, and will be repaired. Slaters, 3 King Street, Hamilton.

MEDICAL

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The Hamilton Times

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MONDAY, MARCH 15, 1926.

REVOLUTION IN GERMANY

The German Empire is in the throes of a revolution. The Ebert Government has been overthrown, several of its members are in custody and President Ebert and some others of his colleagues have fled to Germany and are making their way to Berlin to offer resistance to the new Government, which, without the shedding of a drop of blood, managed to get control of the machinery of the Government of the country with the aid of a certain number of troops the leaders of whom were opposed to the late regime.

The revolutionaries have been quiet about their business, and it was only on Friday night and Saturday morning that the troops they were holding in readiness appeared in the streets of Berlin making the Ebert Government tremble, and its members to flee, while settling accounts in its own behalf.

It is a matter of public record when it is known that Gustav Noske, the Minister of Defence, had used such a high hand in controlling the people and in keeping order.

The men who engineered the revolution all belong to the old Monarchist gang. Dr. Wolfgang von Kapp, the new Chancellor, is a reactionary and a Prussian. He was Minister of Defence, Gen. Von Lippert, was an officer under Hindenburg in the last war. These men deny all desire to restore the Monarchy, making a plausible statement to the effect that the Republic Government, under Ebert, was doing nothing to bring the country back to its former position of stability and order. Von Kapp asserts that he is anxious to carry on all the "deeds of the Allied Powers" that are just. That may mean that he will be the judge of what is just or unjust.

Meanwhile civil war is raining its ungodly hand all over the country. The Socialists, who led the late Government have had a program calling upon the workmen to go on strike as a protest against the revolution. Certain of the Provinces have refused to join with the revolutionaries, and trouble's brewing that may lead to much bloodshed. Marshal Foch, the French Commander-in-Chief in the occupied territories of Germany, is to be strengthened, and he has called to his counsel allied military leaders. But much danger is anticipated in a military sense from Germany, although there is little doubt that both Hindenburg and Lippert do not mind the stability or unwillingness of the new Government to carry out the terms of the peace treaty.

There are all sorts of rumors as to the part the Kaiser or his sons may play in this movement, but so far there is nothing to show that they are more than rumors. The Kaiser did a success and were the people to be in awe of him in the matter an attempt might be made to enthrone one or other, were it not for the fact that the Allied Powers would not permit a return to the old regime under the Hohenlohe.

The Entente will interfere in the affairs of Germany, but they are letting Germany understand that the peace must be carried out. There is also reports to the effect that the Bolsheviks are plotting to erect a Soviet Government on the ruins of the old one.

Gen. Smuts, the British Minister of War, thinks that the Entente's demand for the sowing up of so many of the prominent men of Germany has had the result of forcing on the revolution. These men, who have nothing rather than face the Allies, have a court of their own. The Entente has given way to an opinion that will meet with general endorsement, to the effect that the dictatorship of the United States in adopting the peace treaty has given encouragement to the reactionary element in Germany or make trouble.

In conclusion, the Allies should allow the German people to fight it out among themselves. In the words of Bismarck to the Parisians, "Let them simmer in their own gravy." If they prefer a monarchy let them have it as long as the Hohenlohe are kept on the throne, and if they want a republican or socialist Government it is their own business.

PRESIDENT BEATTY'S SPEECH

The fourth annual banquet of the officers and employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway, held in Toronto on Saturday last, was graced by the presence of Hon. E. W. Beatty, K. C., who delivered an interesting and at times humorous address in which he spoke in a friendly manner of the competitors to the C. P. R., which are now the National Railway system. It was a matter of controversy at one time as to whether public or private ownership of railways was the better. That time is now past.

The British Government should not now in making it known that, under no circumstances, would they consent to the sale of the West India

to the result to the country as a whole in the matter of railway services, and to ourselves in particular a large part of that service.

There will always be competition, asserted President Beatty, and reference to it, he said, "is the best way to get rid of it and will be a very extensive system, which will probably increase in magnitude. We all hope that it will be a success, and we do not need to be afraid in that regard, for I think I can say to you with perfect candor that no man in Canada has more reason to be optimistic than I have."

There are two reasons, first, because its success as a railway undertaking, means a gradual release of the burden on the Canadian Pacific, and secondly, because the factors which contribute to its success will ensure the continued success of the Canadian Pacific.

The Canadian Pacific is not afraid of competition. "It is a company which can only continue to exist by being administered with strict integrity and in accordance with the highest principles of justice." In this connection they had the advantage of the traditions of the company and the ideals and standards which had been set for them by the men who formerly guided the destinies of the company. The President very wisely takes an optimistic view of the railway situation, and the friendly attitude he takes toward the operation of the Government is an asset of the greatest value to the industry of the roads, for as far as he is concerned, will be fair and above board. This attitude does credit to both his head and his heart.

The Times believes that the time is not far distant when the railways of the country, especially in the great west, will need to use all their facilities to meet the transportation demands of the Dominion, and that there will be plenty of business for all.

WANTS PHYSICAL TRAINING

Major Mowat, M. P. for Parkdale, has before Parliament a bill making physical training of all men in Canada between the ages of 18 and 24 years compulsory. He says, "That for this purpose the Department of Militia and Defence should organize training schools and camps, so that all such men should have an opportunity of putting in four weeks time annually of training for seven years." The bill is to be sufficient only to make the training compulsory and that new loans will be necessary to cover railway expenditures that may run from \$20,000,000 to \$100,000,000 and to provide for the Victory Bonds which were taken over by the Government from the "committee." The Times would better pleased if, instead of incurring new loans, it would "like the British Government, pay off some of its present loans."

The Financial Post says that the current revenue of the Dominion will be sufficient only to meet the cost of the training and that new loans will be necessary to cover railway expenditures that may run from \$20,000,000 to \$100,000,000 and to provide for the Victory Bonds which were taken over by the Government from the "committee." The Times would better pleased if, instead of incurring new loans, it would "like the British Government, pay off some of its present loans."

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You certainly owe it to yourself to see what we have to offer before deciding to purchase elsewhere.

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If you are in need of a Clock, or think of giving one as a wedding gift, may we not invite your inspection of ours, the finest display in Hamilton.

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to dispense the belief that this is safely the young man's day, and that one not well on the way to the top at thirty is not likely to do so. There are many other many cases of conspicuous success after the age of thirty. They are not the exception, but the rule.

The Toronto City Council will enter a friend in its suit with the School Board if find out whether or not it has power to pare down the estimates or expenditure of the Board. This is a question that our Council would like to see settled. It does not refresh the idea of the Board presenting its appropriation at the point of a gun and demanding it, instead of in the favor of giving the penalty paid within the walls of some one of the penitentiaries.

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NOT A SHOT WAS FIRED WHEN KAPP TOOK POWER

Monarchical Coup, Carefully Planned, Took Berlin by Surprise

Promises Many Things--Hindenburg Expected to be President

Berlin, March 13.—Without the firing of a shot, the Ebert Government was overthrown yesterday morning, and the coup had been carefully prepared in stillness of the night, and was executed with a swiftness and success that leave the German people still wondering what has happened.

The chief known organizers of the revolt are Wolfgang Kapp, the president of the Imperial Chamber and Premier of Prussia, and Baron von Luetwitz, who at one time commanded the German forces in France, and was Minister of Defence, to take Gustave Noske's place. Luetwitz is virtually the minister of war of Germany at this moment.

Both men were loyal supporters of the Kiel's regime during the war, but had the intentions of restoring the monarchy.

Ebert and his Ministers are fugitives, having refused to the last to yield power.

The crisis developed Friday night when the organizers of the coup, as well as the Cabinet to resign.

Dr. Mathias Erzberger, the Financial Minister, who is bitterly against the coup, organized a proclamation, was the only one to give up his post. Chancellor Bauer, and all others, however, remained in their positions in an all night session.

Gen. Luetwitz was setting the stage for their overthrow.

He gathered a large group of troops, 1,000 of them, mostly Doberitz, and at the head of these, while the people of Berlin were still sleeping, marched to the city and occupied all Government buildings.

The Berliners woke up to find the heart of the capital an armed camp.

Artillery, pine-throwers, machine guns, in short, all weapons of modern warfare, were in evidence everywhere.

At 10 o'clock the new Government passed and published its proclamation.

"Law, order, discipline and honest government are named as its chief aims."

The new Government, however, shied away from the independent Socialists, German "Reds," by saying that they must be excluded from the "laws for the benefit of the working class" is invited "and accepted."

The "Treaty of Versailles" is fully ratified by the Versailles Treaty, but with an important reservation, applying to promises only to the revolutionaries, which were reasonable, and not self-destructive.

Germany's economic reconstruction, the document states, was utterly impossible under Ebert's regime, whose overthrow is described as a "great German victory" over the whole world.

The new Government, however, in its proclamation, does all it is possible to safeguard both internal and external peace.

The greater part of Noske's "men and the world's police" went over to Gen. von Luetwitz's army early in the bloody revolt.

HINDENBURG TO SUCCED

Marshall Hindenburg's name is on all lips as the probable successor to Ebert as national President.

National elections are promised by the new Government as soon as order and discipline have been restored.

Dr. Kapp, the de facto Chancellor, was born in New York. He is the former Minister of War, and during the war made a nation-wide, but in the end, futile, name for himself in the field and at home.

At the time I am wirelessing this dispatch the city is still in the grip of the revolutionaries, who are trying to grasp what has occurred, the complete order reigns, though the atmosphere is still.

Even as last order before leaving the capital was not to open the troops of Gen. von Luetwitz.

Therefore, due in a large measure the credit for the bloodlessness of the overthrow.

Gen. von Luetwitz, who succeeded Ebert, refused to discuss the matter.

He declared the troops would not be used to suppress the Government.

At midnight he sent an ultimatum to the Ebert Government.

The Ebert-Hindenburg government ordered the army to Dr. Kapp, Dr. Bauer (former chief of the Ludendorff staff), Capt. Pauli and a number of others.

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On Friday Gustav Noske, as Minister of Defence, removed Gen. von Luetwitz, who then, having been a general before which he had the chief post in the overthrow.

Gen. von Luetwitz argued against his removal, and Dr. Kapp.

Erbert refused to discuss the matter.

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Last Wednesday Gen. von Luetwitz informed Ebert that his, Luetwitz's, army had been created, and refused to sign any longer by the present government.

Following day the Ebert Government ordered the army to Dr. Kapp, Dr. Bauer (former chief of the Ludendorff staff), Capt. Pauli and a number of others.

On Friday Gustav Noske, as Minister of Defence, removed Gen. von Luetwitz, who then, having been a general before which he had the chief post in the overthrow.

Gen. von Luetwitz, who succeeded Ebert, refused to discuss the matter.

He declared the troops would not be used to suppress the Government.

At 6:15 o'clock this morning the rebel troops, headed by Eberhard's naval brigade, with Capt. Erzberger, had come to search through the Brandenburg gate, swing into Wilhelmstrasse and immediately occupied the Government buildings.

The Government was not to open the troops of Gen. von Luetwitz.

Therefore, due in a large measure the credit for the bloodlessness of the overthrow.

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The Way to the West

DAILY SERVICE
Lve. TORONTO (Union Station)
9.15 P.M.



EDMONTON
VANCOUVER
VICTORIA

WINNIPEG
BRANDON
REGINA
SASKATOON

STANDARD TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAIN EQUIPMENT THROUGH-OUT, INCLUDING NEW ALL-STEEL TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Sun. Mon. Wed. Fri. — Canadian National all the way.

Tues. Thurs. Sat. — Via G. & V., T. & N. G., Coaches thence G. & V. Rys.

Tickets and full information from nearest Canadian National Railways' Agent, City Passengers' Office, 25 King Street East or Union Station, or from James J. McLean, General Manager, or General Passenger Department, Toronto.

Industrial Department Toronto and Whistler will furnish full particulars regarding land in Western Canada available for farming or other purposes.

Canadian National Railways**AN ETHEREAL BODY EXISTS AFTER DEATH**

Sir Oliver Lodge Declares Only the Material Body Dies.

HIS "MESSAGES"

Eases Evidence of Survival On Actual Com-mu-nications.

Toronto, March 15.—Sir Oliver Lodge, in an address to an audience which taxed the capacity of Massey Hall, on Saturday night, said that he was firmly convinced that not only did an ethereal body exist after the death of the physical body, but that certain other bodies did as well.

"Don't attempt suicide. That's no good. It's just as effective immi-

gration.

He said that he and a professor

of physics in Birmingham University

had years ago investigated the ques-

tions of whether the dead could com-

mu-nicate.

The professor had arranged to meet

him at a certain hour and place, and

had planned beyond what was estab-

lished.

"For many years I spoke only to

scientific societies," stated Sir Oliver,

"but since the war the amount of be-

travelling has been so heavy in Eng-

land and the public so interested in these

facts that I ought to speak from this

platform.

"We, the English, recognize your im-

portance in the 'way' the way

you come instantly to call on us.

"We, the English, carry out our obli-

igation beyond our expression of admira-

tion and praise.

"We, the English, came to know one-

young man from Western Canada very well. He had been an aviator and married to one of the scientist's daughters. He had a son and the bereaved

parent had been heavy.

"The question before us is a moment-

one—nothing less than death

and nothing more than death at the end or is it an episode in life?"

"Belief in the survival of the spirit has been the cornerstone of most civiliza-

tions, but it has not been universal.

"We had but one such superstition

amongst our own dead, that the spirit re-

lived with the corpse and the grave, two much importance attached to what

happened to the body. Societies for

the dead were founded in almost every

town where they liked, if they could catch

him, but he would not be there. The

body организъра във възможност

и да се възстанови.

"The man in power in Berlin de-

cides that he is not intended to restore

the monarchy. The message

says:

"They are prepared to sustain certain

demands, to form a national Gov-

ernment, and the majority so-

would be included, but they in-

sist upon upon non-partisan ex-

periment and a change of min-

isters.

"They are prepared to sustain cer-

certain conditions, and the majority

so would be included, but they in-

sist upon upon non-partisan ex-

periment and a change of min-

isters.

"Sir Oliver died, at length on the

anatomical science and spoke of light, tele-

graph messages and other things in

modern life. He said that researches

BEATTY HAS BEST WISHES FOR THE C.N.R.

C.P.R. Head Does Not Anticipate Any Controversies.

NEED COMPETITION

Speaks at Fourth Annual Banquet at Toronto.

Toronto, March 15.—An absolute assurance that all is harmony in the ranks of the C. P. R. employees, and that there are no points of variance between the workers and the officials, was given on Saturday night in the course of the fourth annual banquet of the officials, which was held at the Royal York Hotel.

The dinner of the C.P.R. officials was one of the largest affairs of this nature to be held in the city for some time, as there were 1,000 guests, and the more prominent officials gathered from coast to coast, representing all angles of the railway's activities and services, which provided a augurs well for the future of the company and for the bridging of any possible differences between the company and the workers.

President Beatty, as well as many of the other officials, addressed the company in a speech, in which he said that the plan that they attribute much of the remarkable success of the company to the loyalty of the men and women who had been working in the interests of the company.

COMPETITION WITH GOVERNMENT.

As might have been expected, President Beatty took up the fact that the C.P.R. had been taken over by the Government and that now the chief competitor of the Canadian Pacific is the Government.

"Our competitor is, and will be, a very extensive system, which will render it difficult for us to compete all along the line, but I hope, and I do not need to be afraid, that hope, will be realized in order to meet the challenge.

"I hope you will be able to see that the lessons he has learned from his researches had taken him back to the simple gospel of 1906 years ago.

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